

M-Coffee: combining multiple sequence alignment methods with T-Coffee

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Objective

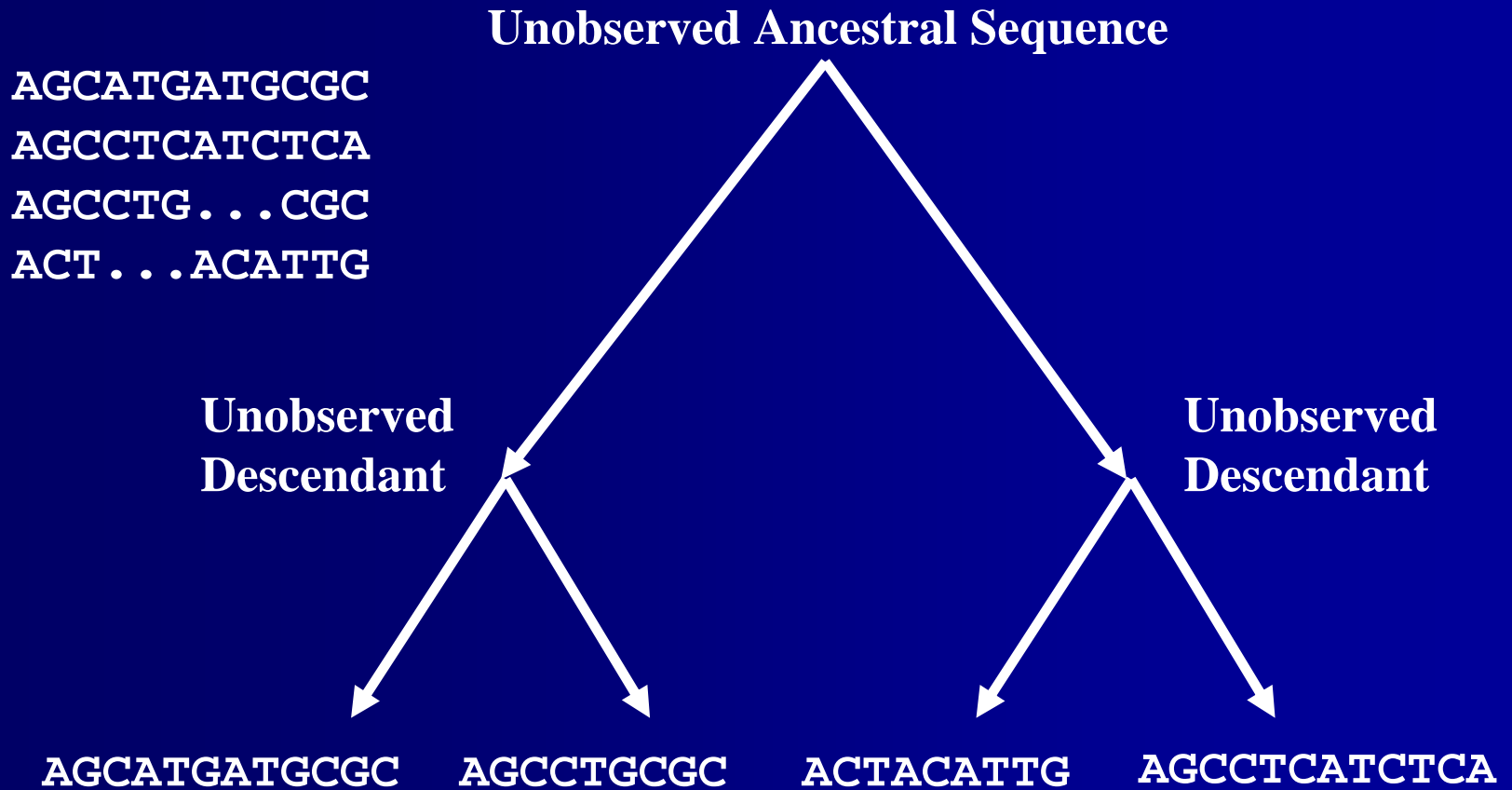
- Using today's sequences to reconstruct the appearance of ancestral sequences – our best guess
- Analogy: In the absence of fossils, using only present day data to construct the appearance of dinosaurs



Background

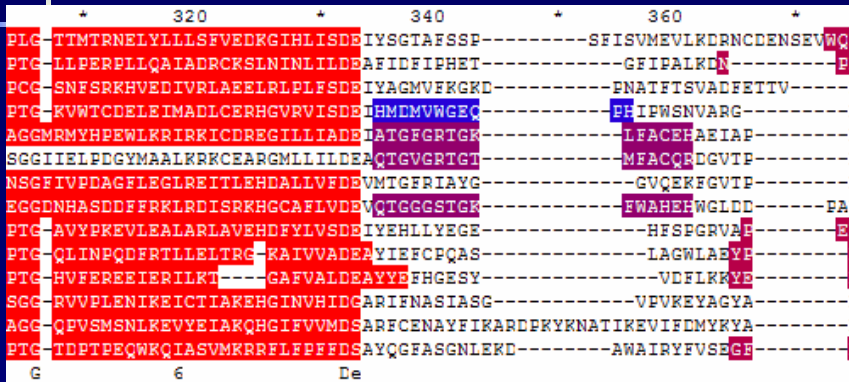
- Multiple sequence alignments
 - Predict phylogeny
 - Determine structure and function
 - Detect homologues
- Alignment methods
 - Biologically and computationally complex
 - Many programs available
 - Scientist's dilemma: select best method or combination of methods to produce the most biologically correct alignment

Multiple Sequence Alignments

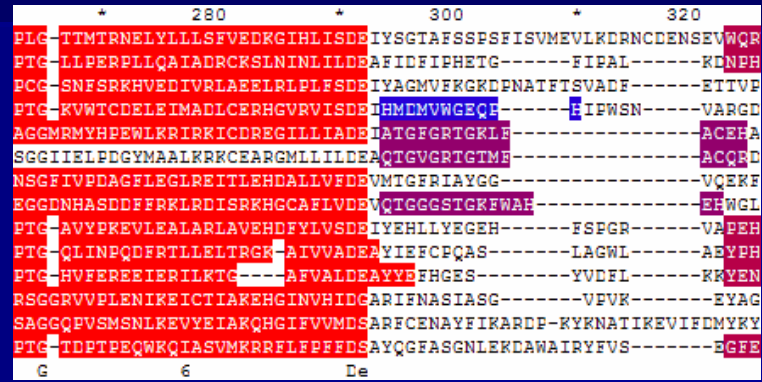


MSA Algorithms

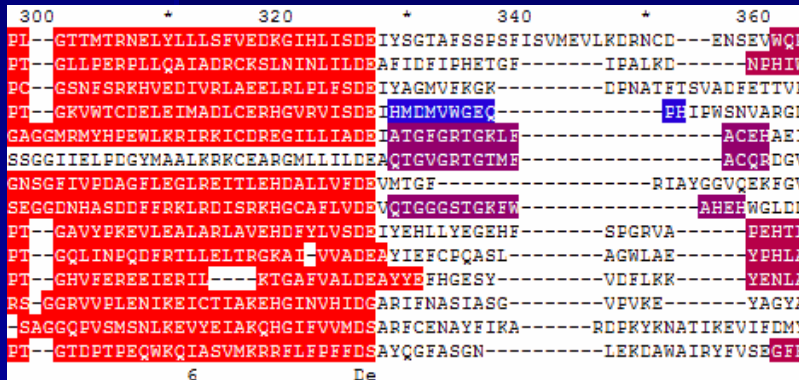
Balibase*



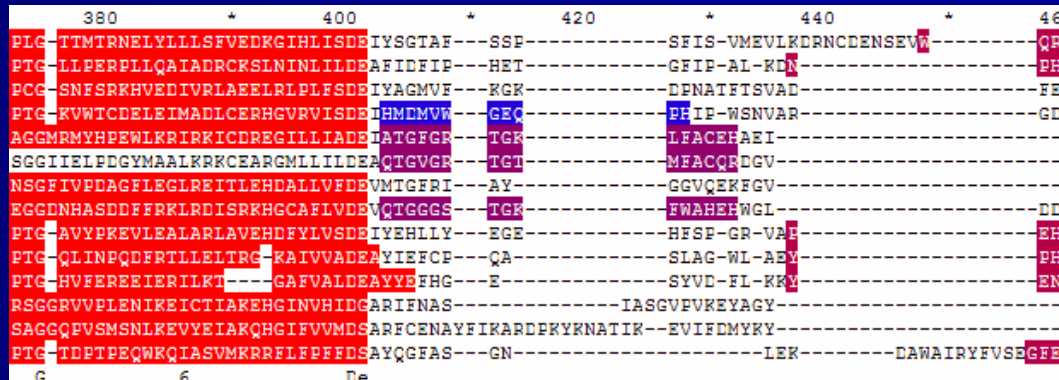
ClustalW



T-Coffee



ProbCons

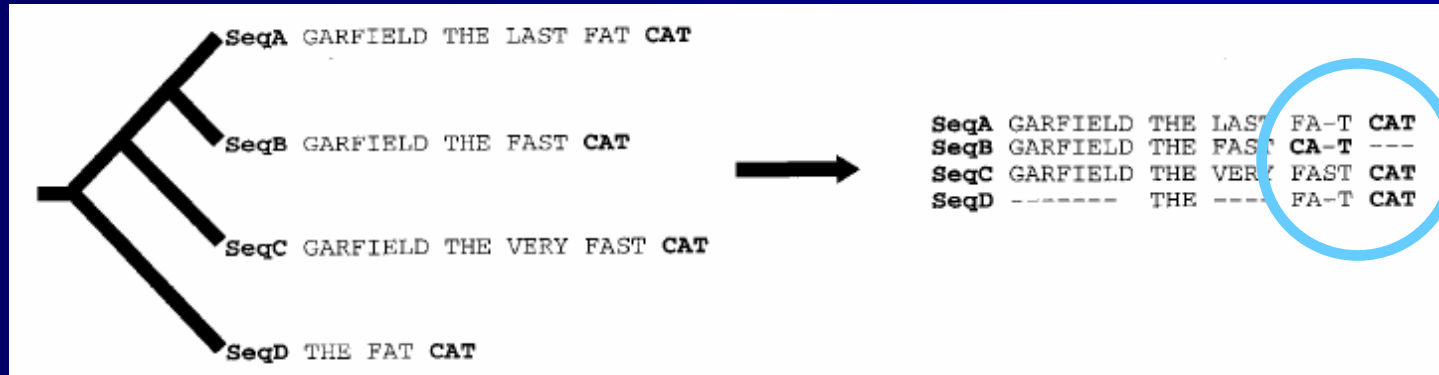


MEME-determined motifs are highlighted in each alignment

Progressive Alignment

- Simultaneous alignment of all sequences is impractical
- Pairwise progressive method
 - Progressively aligns the most similar sequences and successively adds on more
 - Attempts to obtain the best score at every step in the alignment
 - However, optimization is only a local max
 - May not achieve the best overall alignment
 - Propagation of error

Progressive Alignment



- The tree indicates the order in which the sequences are aligned
- The word "CAT" is misaligned

Consistency

- Attempt to avoid error by including “look ahead” information in scores
- Considers alignments between all sequence pairs, whether or not they have already been aligned, in each step of progressive alignment
- Correct alignments are more likely to be consistent

T-Coffee methodology

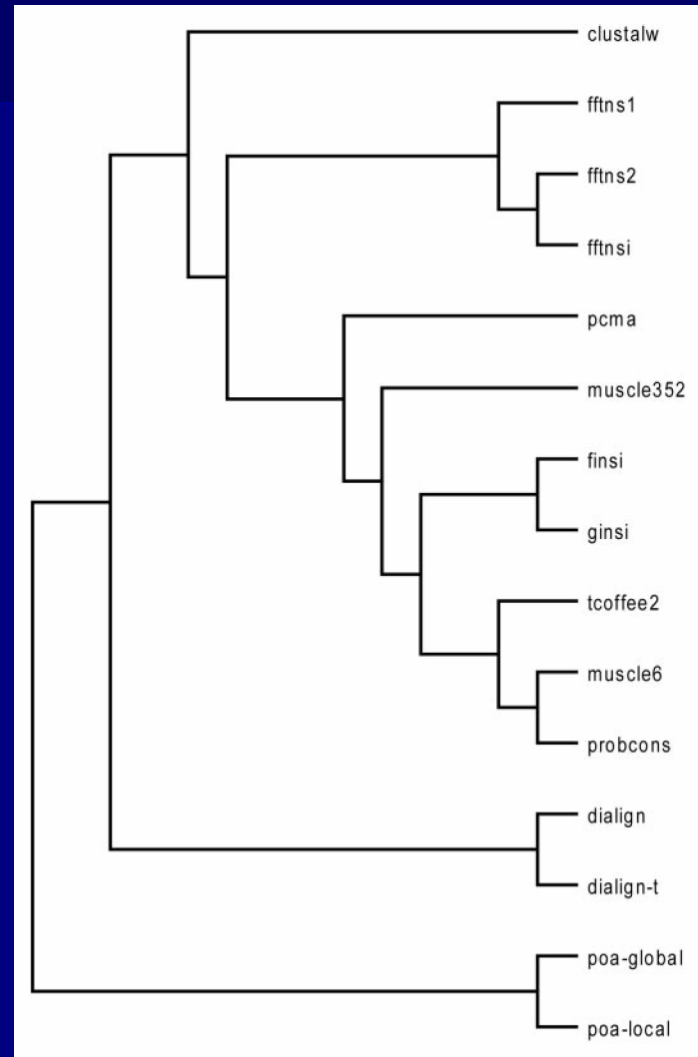
- Consistency-based method
- Pool together ClustalW (global) and Lalign (local) primary libraries
 - Combine information on global and local alignments
 - Generate primary library of alignment information
- Compute MSA from primary library of pairwise alignment information

M-Coffee methodology

- T-Coffee extended to 15 widely used alternative MSA programs from 8 different laboratories
- MSA libraries computed for the same sequences from a variety of algorithms:
 - ClustalW, T-Coffee, ProbCons, PCMA, Muscle, Dialign2, Dialign-T, MAFFT, FFT-NS1, FFT-NS2, FFT-NSI, F-INSI, G-INSI, POA-local, POA-global
- Results of this study compared to reference alignments of benchmark datasets – BaliBase, Prefab, HOMSTRAD

Method Tree

- Visual display of level of similarity between the various methods
- Entire HOMSTRAD dataset aligned with each method
- Distances calculated based on similarity of resulting alignments

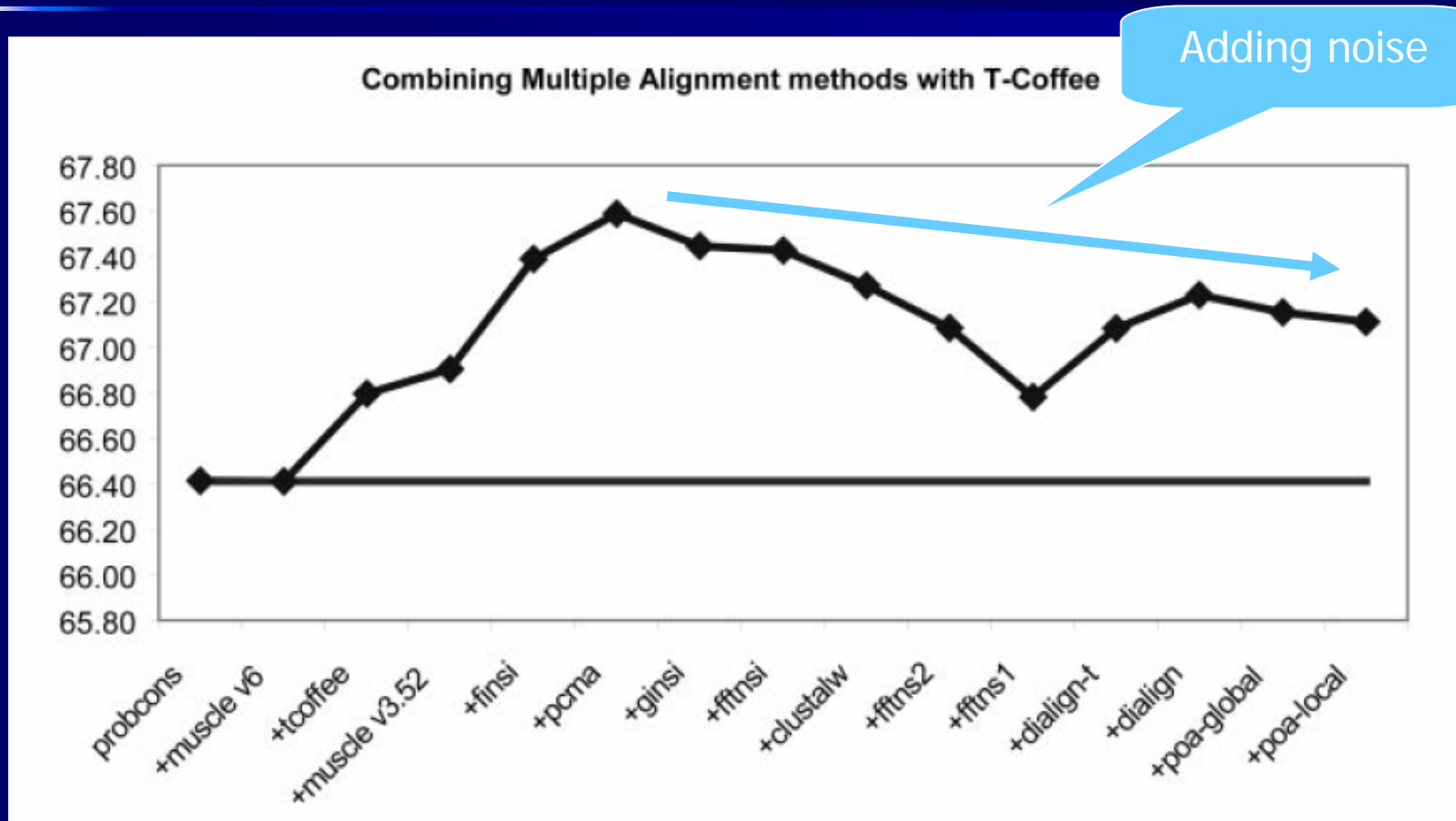


Preliminary Data

- Calculate performance of each individual method in comparison to HOMSTRAD
- Percent of pairwise alignments that are correct

Alignment method	Default %CS
CLUSTALW v1.83*	61.15
DIALIGN	55.71
DIALIGN-T*	57.92
FFTNS1	58.27
FFTNS2	60.47
FFTNSI	63.07
FINSI*	64.22
GINSI	63.43
Muscle v3.52	64.49
Muscle v6.0*	66.04
PCMA*	63.73
POA-global*	51.90
POA-local	49.28
ProbCons v1.09*	66.41
T-Coffee v2.03*	65.37
%CS for M-Coffee15	
%CS for M-Coffee8	

Combining MSA Methods

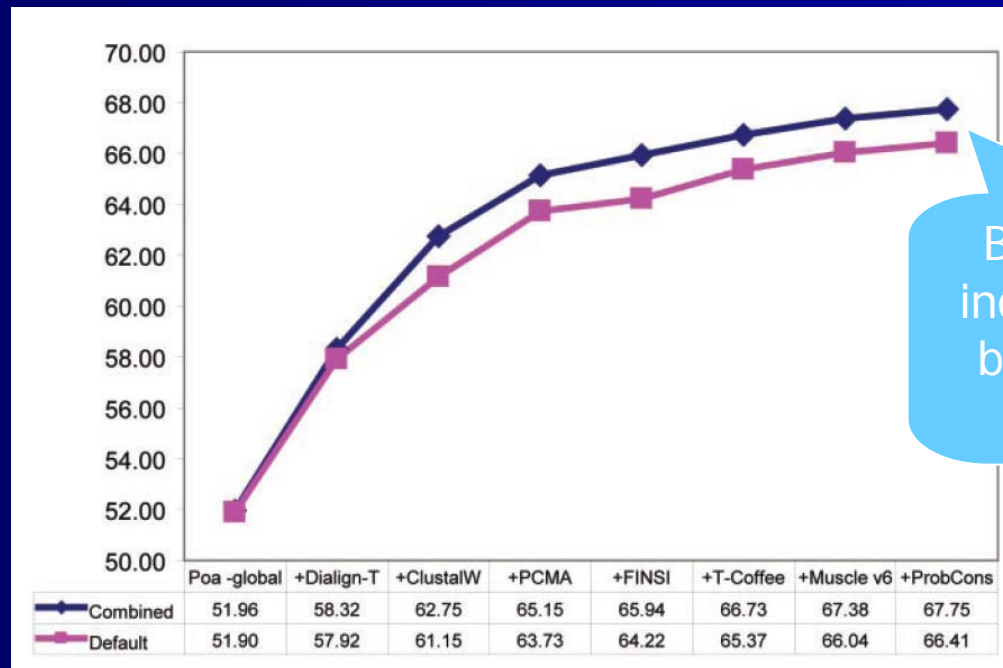


Method Weighing

- Methods developed by the same laboratory tend to be highly correlated because of arbitrary code settings
- Four different schemes used to generate weights for each of the alignment methods
 - Variance/Covariance, Altschul Carrillo Lipman, Thompson Higgins Gibson, and Accuracy
- Results:
 - Weighing failed to significantly outperform un-weighted combination of all methods
 - One method per developer for most accurate results – eight methods selected, called M-Coffee8

M-Coffee8

- Outperforms any of the constituent methods



Better than any individual method but by relatively small amount

M-Coffee8

Table 3. Individual dataset analysis

	M-Coffee8 better	M-Coffee8 worse	P(Wilcoxon Signed)	Best single method
Homstrad	139	65	0.000	ProbCons
Prefab <10%	49	37	0.16	PCMA
Prefab 10 to <20%	326	226	0.000	Finsi
Prefab 20 to <30%	278	132	0.000	Finsi
Prefab 30 to <40%	64	35	0.003	ProbCons
Prefab 40 to <100%	62	25	0.002	Finsi
Prefab total	779	455	0.000	/
BaliBase Set: 11	19	5	0.002	ProbCons
BaliBase Set: 12	26	7	0.008	ProbCons
BaliBase Set: 20	16	14	0.967	Finsi
BaliBase Set: 30	16	5	0.013	PCMA
BaliBase Set: 40	24	10	0.333	Finsi
BaliBase Set: 50	12	4	0.078	PCMA
BaliBase Set: S11	12	15	0.793	Muscle 6
BaliBase Set: S12	13	11	0.437	ProbCons
BaliBase Set: S2	21	13	0.397	Muscle 6
BaliBase Set: S3	19	6	0.024	ProbCons
BaliBase Set: S5	8	5	0.623	Muscle 6
BaliBase total	186	95	0.002	/
Total	1104	615		/
Total versus ProbCons	1249	615		ProbCons

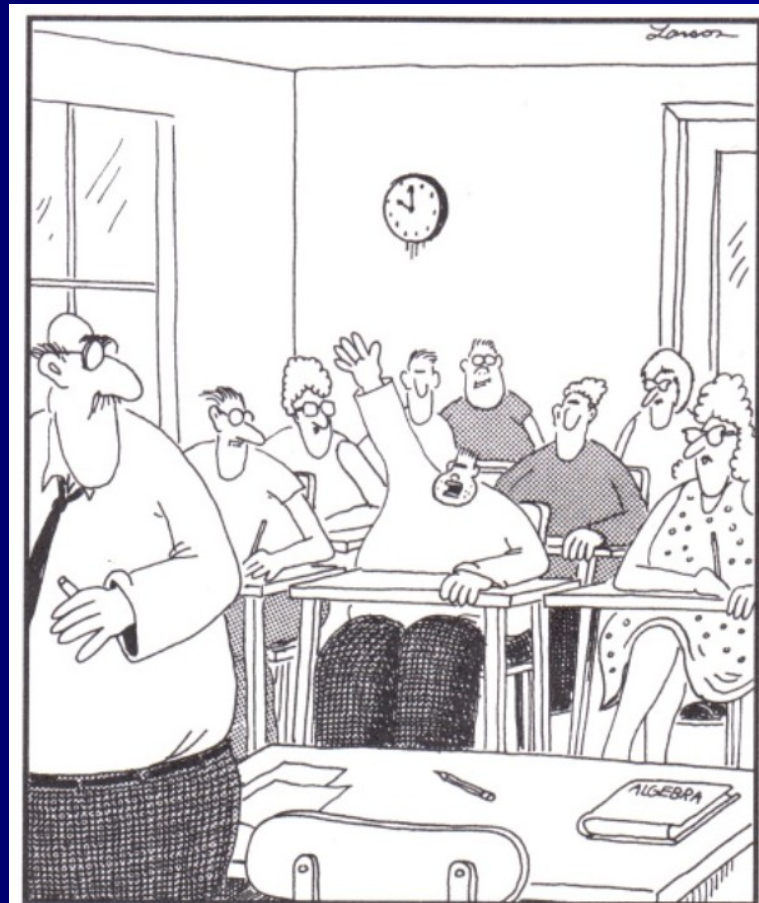
Conclusions

- M-Coffee alignments
 - On average 1-3% more accurate than that obtained from best individual method
 - Nearly twice as likely to deliver best MSA
- ProbCons usually the best individual method
- Caveat: Because generating MSAs libraries is very time-consuming, the gain is not always worth the time invested; may be better off using Probcons

References

- Lassmann, T., and Sonnhammer, E.L.L. (2005) Automatic assessment of alignment quality. *Nucleic Acids Research* 33: 7120-7128.
- Notredame, C., Higgins, D.G., and Heringa, J. (2000) T-Coffee: A novel method for multiple sequence alignments." *J. Mol. Bio.* 302: 205-217.
- Wallace, I.M., O'Sullivan, O., Higgins, D.G., and Notredame, C. (2006) M-Coffee: combining multiple sequence alignment methods with T-Coffee . *Nucleic Acids Research* 34: 1692-1699.

Questions?



"Mr. Osborne, may I be excused? My brain is full."